The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

## Shell Tellus S2 VX 68

Version 1.3	Revision Date 11.03.2020	Print Date 03.07.2020			
SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND C	SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION				
Product name	: Shell Tellus S2 VX 68				
Product code	: 001F8434				
<b>Manufacturer or supplier</b> Supplier Telephone Telefax	s details : TransDiesel Limited NZBN 9429036551132 533 Halswell Junction Road Christchurch 8042 New Zealand : 0800 848 267 (All Hours) :				
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 848 267 (All Hours)				
Recommended use of the Recommended use	e chemical and restrictions on use : Hydraulic oil				

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. Not classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2017., Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport, according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

### Hazard classification

### GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response:

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#### Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

### Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> <li>When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.</li> </ul>

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	Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
	Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.
	High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

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methods		circumstances and the surroundir	ng environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEA	S	E MEASURES	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to a contamination. Prevent from spre ditches or rivers by using sand, e barriers.	ading or entering drains,
		Local authorities should be advise cannot be contained.	ed if significant spillages
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accide Prevent from spreading by makin or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an ab Soak up residue with an absorber suitable material and dispose of p	g a barrier with sand, earth sorbent. nt such as clay, sand or other
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of pers see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data For guidance on disposal of spille this Safety Data Sheet.	Sheet.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.</li> </ul>
Advice on safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.</li> <li>Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.</li> <li>When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.</li> <li>Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.</li> </ul>

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Avoidance of contact :	Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer :	Proper grounding and bonding procedu during all bulk transfer operations to ave	
Storage		
Other data :	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material :	Suitable material: For containers or con steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	itainer linings, use mild
Container Advice :	Polyethylene containers should not be a temperatures because of possible risk a	

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	WES-TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further informativapour.	ation: Sampled b	by a method that does	s not collect
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	WES-STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

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http://www.osha.gov/	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/				
http://www.hse.gov.uk/	E), UK: Methods for the Determination				
Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutsch http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.js	en Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung	(IFA), Germany			
	et de Securité, (INRS), France http://	www.inrs.fr/accueil			
Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of vary depending upon potential expo controls based on a risk assessme Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airb	osure conditions. Select nt of local circumstances.			
	Where material is heated, sprayed greater potential for airborne conce				
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling controls.	g and maintenance of			
	Educate and train workers in the har measures relevant to normal activit product.				
	Ensure appropriate selection, testir equipment used to control exposure equipment, local exhaust ventilation	e, e.g. personal protective			
	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.				
	Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.				
	Always observe good personal hyg washing hands after handling the n drinking, and/or smoking. Routinel protective equipment to remove con contaminated clothing and footwea Practice good housekeeping.	naterial and before eating, y wash work clothing and ntaminants. Discard			
Personal protective equipment					

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

	Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.</li> <li>If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation.</li> <li>Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.</li> <li>Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.</li> </ul>
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	Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection	
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable
Environmental exposure c	ontrols
•	

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE	MICAL PROPERTIES	
Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: clear	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рH	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -30 °C / -22 °FMethod: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s	3)
Flash point	: 230 °C / 446 °F Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.860 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 860 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6(based on information	on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 68 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	

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	10.5 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg

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Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Chronic toxicity

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenicity

### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

### Reproductive toxicity

### Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair

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 fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 not met.

## STOT - single exposure

### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **STOT - repeated exposure**

## Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Aspiration toxicity

## Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

### **Further information**

### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	<ul> <li>Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.</li> <li>Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.</li> <li>Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).</li> </ul>
Ecotoxicity	

### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute	:
toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
	Practically non toxic:

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		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic		
plants (Acute toxicity)	•	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	:	Remarks: Data not available
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean	:	Remarks: Data not available
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	:	Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential., Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physical fouling of aquatic
		organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic
		organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.
10/15		900010026140

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## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal methods, including disposal of packaging, should be in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **National Regulations**

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2012 -NZS 5433 Not regulated as a dangerous good

## **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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Special precautions for user		
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Section for special precautions which a user n needs to comply with in connection wi	eeds to be aware of or

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

R-phrase(s)	:	Not classified.
S-phrase(s)	:	Not classified.

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices November 2017. New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

#### Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Full text of other abbreviations

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

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(Median Lethal Dose); M	MARPOL - International Convention for the	Prevention of Pollution from
Ships; n.o.s Not Other	rwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)	EC - No Observed (Adverse)
Effect Concentration; NO	D(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Lev	el; NOELR - No Observable
Effect Loading Rate; NC	DM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National	Toxicology Program; NZIoC -

Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZloC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN -United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

### **Further information**

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN